

**ECE 257 - LESSON 9**  
**DOCUMENTATION AND TESTING OF PROGRAMS**

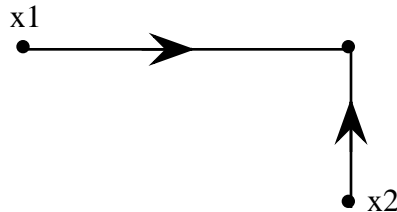
**SPRING 2007**

**A.P. FELZER**

**IN CLASS**

**PROBLEM:**

Given two toy cars on a collision path as follows



with the following information inputted by the user

- (1)  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  equal to the starting positions of the two toy cars in feet
- (2)  $v_1$  and  $v_2$  equal to the constant speeds of the two toy cars in feet/sec

Write a program to

- (1) Plot the distance between the cars as a function of time
- (2) Find the minimum distance between the cars

**STEPS IN WRITING THE PROGRAM**

**STEP 1:** Write a comment describing the problem, specify the input and output variables of the program and write comments describing the steps in the algorithm

```
% Script name: car_distance
% This program finds and plots the distance between two toy cars on a collision path and finds the
% minimum distance between them

% Record of Revisions
% Name          Date          Description
%

% Input variables
% x_start = column vector of starting positions of the toy cars in feet
% v = column vector of speeds of the toy cars in feet/sec
% plot_time = time (in sec) the distance between the toy cars is to be plotted

% Output variables
% car_dist = distance between the toy cars as a function of time
% min_car_dist = minimum distance between the cars

% Internal variables
%

% Input the speeds and starting positions
```

```

%
% Time variable in seconds
%
% Toy car positions as a function of time in seconds
%
% Distance between the toy cars as a function of time in seconds
%
% Minimum distance between the cars in feet
%
% Graph of the distance between the toy cars as a function of time in seconds
%
```

**STEP 2:** Come up with tests that you know or can independently find the answers to

TEST 1: Same starting distances and same speeds: both toy cars reach the origin at the same time

TEST 2: Different speeds but both cars reach the origin at the same time:  $x_1=10$ ,  $v_1=4$ ,  $x_2=5$ ,  $v_2=2$

TEST 3: Faster car reaches the origin first:  $x_1=5$ ,  $v_1=4$ ,  $x_2=5$ ,  $v_2=2$

TEST 4: Slower car reaches the origin first:  $x_1=4$ ,  $v_1=2$ ,  $x_2=10$ ,  $v_2=4$

**STEP 3:** Code the algorithm

```

% Script name: car_distance
% This program finds and plots the distance between two toy cars on a collision path and finds the
% minimum distance between them

% Record of Revisions
% Name          Date          Description
%
%
% Input invariables
% x_start = column vector of starting positions of the toy cars in feet
% v = column vector of speeds of the toy cars in feet/sec
% plot_time = time (in sec) the distance between the toy cars is to be plotted

% Output variables
% car_dist = distance between the toy cars as a function of time
% min_car_dist = minimum distance between the cars

% Internal variables
% t = time in seconds
% x = column vector of distance of the toy cars from the origin as a function of time

% Input starting positions and speeds
x_start = input('Enter a column vector of the starting positions of the toy cars in feet: ');
v = input('Enter a column vector of the speeds of the toy cars in feet/sec: ');
plot_time = input('Enter the time in seconds you want to plot the distance between the toy cars: ');
```

```
% Time variable in seconds
t = 0: 0.01: plot_time;

% Positions of the toy cars as a function of time in seconds
x = x_start - v*t;

% Distance between the toy cars as a function of time
car_dist =

% Minimum distance between the cars in feet and the time at which it occurs in seconds after start

% Graph of the distance between the two toy cars
plot( )
xlabel( )
ylabel( )
title( )
```

**STEP 4:** Test the program - see if you get the same answers that you independently calculated in Step 2