

# ECE 109L - THE VERY BASICS - LAB 3

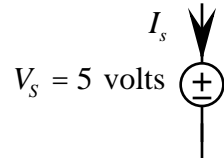
## VOLTAGE SOURCES

SUMMER 2007

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### OBJECTIVE

The objective of this lab is to see how close real voltage sources like the following are to being ideal

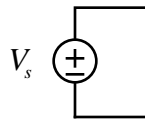


### LAB

1. **PreLab** - Describe in words what it means for a voltage source like the one above to be ideal
2. **PreLab** - Draw a graph of  $V_s$  as a function of  $I_s$  for an ideal 5 volt voltage source. Describe your curve
3. **PreLab** - Obtain at least 5 resistors with different values in the range 100  $\Omega$  to 10K  $\Omega$  available for free in the open lab on the fifth floor by the elevators.
4. We now take measurements to see how close the 5-volt source in the lab is to being ideal by measuring how much its voltage  $V_s$  changes as we change its current  $I_s$ . We get the current  $I_s$  to change by connecting different resistors  $R$  across the source as follows

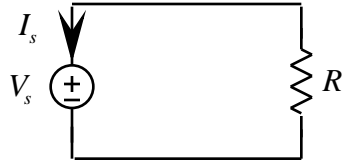


- a. **PreLab** - Redraw the above circuit with the current meter inserted to measure  $I_s$ . Be sure to indicate the colors of the leads
- b. **PreLab** - Redraw the above circuit with the volt meter connected to measure  $V_s$ . Be sure to indicate the colors of the leads
- c. First measure the voltage across the 5 volt source as follows



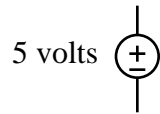
before any resistors are connected

- d. Now measure  $V_s$  and then  $I_s$  for each of your resistors  $R$  connected to the source as follows



- d. Plot your data points on a graph of  $V_s$  as a function of  $I_s$ . Draw a best fit line through your data points
- e. Over what range of currents  $I_s$  does your data enable you to say that your voltage source is reasonably ideal

5. Suppose the voltage across a 5 volt voltage source as follows

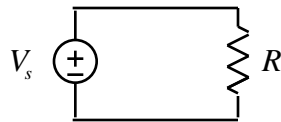


falls to  $V_s = \frac{R}{R+100} 5$  when we connect a resistor  $R$  as follows



For what values of  $R$  will  $V_s = 0.9(5) = 4.5$  volts

6. Suppose we want 5 volts across a resistor  $R$  in a real circuit as follows



Would you first set the voltage source to 5 volts and then connect the resistor or connect the resistor and then set your voltage source to 5 volts. Why